

## White Bear Lake Area Schools, ISD 624

Public Hearing for Taxes Payable in 2022

**DECEMBER 13, 2021** 

PRESENTED BY:

TIM WALD
ASSISTANT SUPERINTENDENT FOR
FINANCE & OPERATIONS

ANDI JOHNSON DIRECTOR OF FINANCE

### Minnesota State Law Requires:

#### **A Public Meeting...**

- Between November 25th & December 28th
- At 6:00 PM or later
- May be part of regularly scheduled meeting
- Must allow for public comments
- May adopt final levy at same meeting

#### ...and Presentation of:

- Current year budget
- Proposed property tax levy

## Hearing Agenda

- Background Information on School Funding
- District's Budget
- District's Proposed Tax Levy for Taxes Payable in 2022
- Public Comments

## MN Legislature Must Set Funding for Minnesota Public Schools

Minnesota Constitution ARTICLE XIII

MISCELLANEOUS SUBJECTS

Section 1

**"UNIFORM SYSTEM OF PUBLIC SCHOOLS**. The stability of a republican form of government depending mainly upon the intelligence of the people, it is the duty of the legislature to establish a general and uniform system of public schools. The <u>legislature shall make such provisions by taxation or otherwise</u> as will secure a thorough and efficient system of public schools throughout the state."

As a result...

## **Funding is Highly Regulated**

#### **State Sets:**

- Formulas which determine revenue; most revenue based on specified amounts per pupil
- Tax policy for local schools
- Maximum authorized property tax levy (districts can levy less but not more than amount authorized by state, unless approved by voters in November)

State also authorizes school board to submit referendums for operating and capital needs to voters for approval

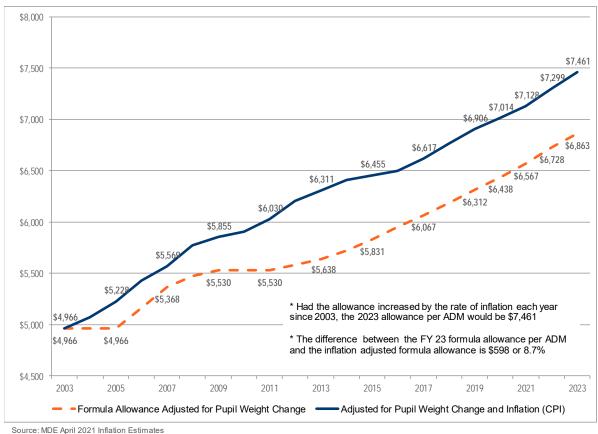
## Challenge: State Set Basic General Education Formula Lags Inflation

- Since 2002-03, state General Education Revenue formula has not kept pace with inflation
- For Fiscal Year 2021-22, an increase of 2.45% or \$161 over previous year was approved
- For Fiscal Year 2022-23, an increase of 2.00% or \$135 over current year was approved

Per-pupil allowance for Fiscal Year 2022-23 of \$6,863 would need to increase by another \$598 (8.7%) to have kept pace with inflation since 2002-03

#### General Education Formula Allowance, 2003-2023

Adjusted for Pupil Weight Change and Inflation (CPI)



# Underfunding of Special Education

MDE reports FY 2020 costs of providing special education programs were underfunded statewide by \$673 million

MDE estimates that by FY 2025 costs of providing special education statewide will be underfunded by \$806 million

Underfunding of special education costs requires a transfer from regular program resources to support an underfunded program mandated by state and federal law Primary options to bridge special education funding gap are to cut regular program budgets or increase referendum revenue, most districts have done both

## Change in Tax Levy <u>does not</u> Determine Change in Budget



Tax levy is based on many statedetermined formulas plus voter approved referendums 2

Some increases in tax levies are revenue neutral, offset by reductions in state aid 3

**Expenditure budget is limited** by state-set revenue formulas, voter-approved levies, and fund balance



An increase in school taxes does not always correlate to an equal increase in budget

## School District Levy Cycle Differs from City/County Levy Cycle

#### **City/County:**

- Budget Year same as calendar year
- 2022 taxes provide revenue for 2022 calendar year budget

#### **Schools:**

- Budget year begins July 1st and coincides with school year
- 2022 taxes provide revenue for 2022-23 school fiscal year
- Budget will be adopted in June 2022

## Budget Information

Because approval of school district budget lags certification of tax levy by six months, state requires <u>only current year budget</u> <u>information be presented at this hearing. Fiscal Year 2022-23 budget will be adopted by School Board in June 2022.</u>

## All school district budgets are divided into separate funds, based on purposes of revenue, as required by law

#### **Our District's Funds:**

- General
- Food Service
- Community Service
- Building Construction
- Debt Service
- Trust
- Internal Service
- OPEB Trust

<sup>\*</sup>Other Post-Employment Benefits

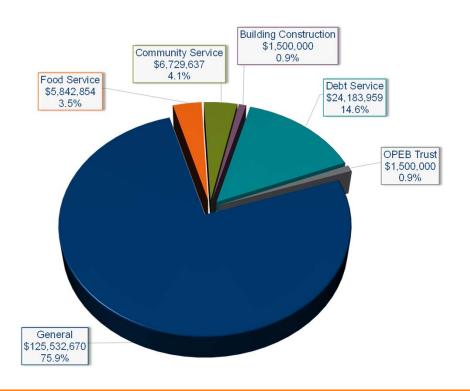
#### District Revenues and Expenditures

Actual for FY 2021, Budget for FY 2022

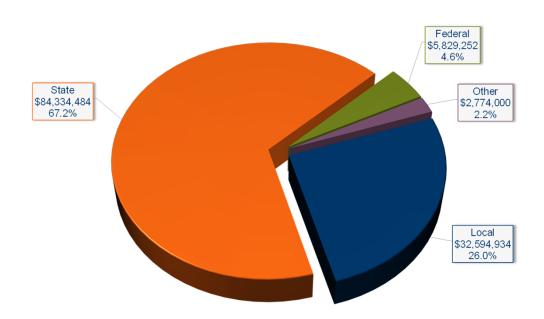
	FISCAL 2021 BEGINNING			JUNE 30, 2021 ACTUAL	2021-22 BUDGET	2021-22 BUDGET	JUNE 30, 2022 PROJECTED	
FUND	FUND BALANCES REVENUES & TRANSFERS IN		EXPENDITURES & TRANSERS OUT	FUND BALANCES	REVENUES & TRANSERS IN	EXPENDITURES & TRANSFERS OUT	FUND BALANCES	
General/Restricted	\$6,540,545	\$15,497,485	\$17,532,248	\$4,505,782	\$22,812,314	\$21,089,733	\$6,228,363	
General/Other	9,242,861	109,788,033	106,732,172	12,298,722	102,720,356	103,757,858	11,261,220	
Food Service	580,211	5,397,288	4,572,349	1,405,150	5,842,854	5,520,000	1,728,004	
Community Service	703,417	6,491,551	6,399,792	795,176	6,729,637	6,840,866	683,947	
Building Construction	261,314,543	1,948,559	38,750,116	224,512,986	1,500,000	86,314,290	139,698,696	
Debt Service	1,105,276	35,451,016	32,843,740	3,712,552	24,183,959	23,914,498	3,982,013	
Trust	220,162	64,085	130,401	153,846	100,000	100,000	153,846	
Internal Service	1,759,364			4,352,081			4,352,081	
OPEB* Irrevocable Trust	33,899,011	4,979,379	2,528,533	36,349,857	1,500,000	1,500,000	36,349,857	
OPEB* Debt Service	1,824,463	9,172,902	10,997,365	-	-	-	-	
Total All Funds *Other Post Employment Benefits	\$317,189,853		\$220,486,716	\$288,086,152	\$165,389,120	\$249,037,245	\$204,438,027	

<sup>\*</sup>Other Post Employment Benefits

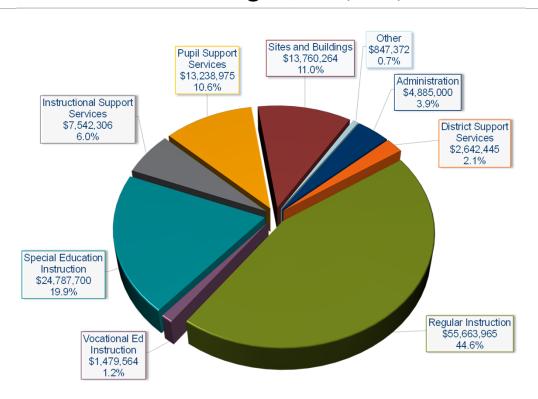
Revenue – All Funds 2021-22 Budget \$165,289,120



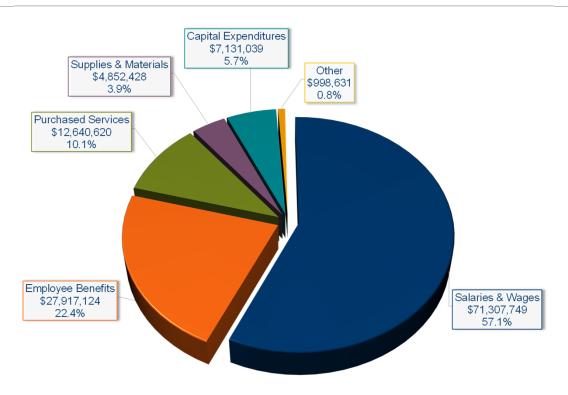
General Fund Revenue 2021-22 Budget \$125,532,670



General Fund Expenditures by Program 2021-22 Budget \$124,847,591



General Fund Expenditures by Object 2021-22 Budget \$124,847,591



## Payable 2022 Property Tax Levy

- Determination of levy
- Comparison of 2021 to 2022 levies
- Reasons for changes in tax levy
- Impact on taxpayers

## **Property Tax Background**

- Every owner of taxable property pays property taxes to various "taxing jurisdictions" (county, city/township, school district, special districts) in which property is located
- Each taxing jurisdiction sets own tax levy, often based on limits in state law
- County sends bills, collects taxes from property owners, and distributes funds back to other taxing jurisdictions

Sample of parcel specific notice mailed to every property owner between November 11 & November 24 with information on impact of Proposed 2022 levy

#### **Contents:**

- Proposed property taxes compared to last year
- By taxing jurisdiction
- Contains time and place of public meetings
- By voter approved and other for school district

#### PROPOSED TAXES 2022

#### THIS IS NOT A BILL. DO NOT PAY.



Spruce County Jane Smith, Auditor-Treasurer 345 12th Street East, Box 78 Spruceville, MN 55555-5555 (555) 345-6789 www.co.spruce.mn.us

TAXPAYER(S)

John and Mary Johnson 123 Pine Road South Spruceville, MN 55555-5555

#### Property Information

PIN Number: Property Address:

234.56.789.R1 789 Pine Rd S Spruceville, M

Property Description: Lot 1, Block 1, Spruce Acres Subdivison

#### The time to provide feedback on PROPOSED LEVIES is NOW

It is too late to appeal your value without going

Step 1	VALUES AN  Taxes Pavable Year  Estimated Market Value  Homestead Exclusion  Taxable Market Value  Class:	2021 \$125,000 \$ \$125,000 Res NHmstd	2022 \$150,000 \$23,800 \$126,200				
Step 2	PROPOSED TAX Property Taxes before credits \$11,479.52 School building bond credit \$12.00 Agricultural market value credit Other credits Property Taxes after credits \$1,467.52						
Step	PROPERTY TAX STATEMENT						

Coming in 2022

\*

Proposed Proper	y Taxes and Meetings by	Jurisdiction for	Your Property
Contact Information	Meeting Information	Actual 2021	Proposed 2022
State General Tax	No public meeting	\$0	\$0
County of Spruce Spruce County Courthouse 123 Spruce St Spruceville, MN 55555 www.co.spruce.mn.us (555) 123-4567	December 3, 7:00 PM	\$438.06	\$484.18
City of Spruceville Mayor's Office 456 Spruce St Spruceville, MN 55555 www.ci spruceville mn.us (555) 123-7654	December 2, 6:30 PM Spruceville City Hall	\$273.79	\$312.06
Spruceville School District 999 150 1st St N Spruceville, MN 55555 www.spruceville k12 mn.us (555) 123-6789 Voter Approved Levies Other Levies	December 10, 7:00 PM Spruceville High School Cafeteri	a \$289.35 \$340.11	\$296.68 \$374.60

3

Your school district was scheduled to hold a referendum at the November general election. If the referendeum was approve by the voters, the school district's voter approved property tax for 2022 may be higher than the proposed amount shown on this notice.

Total excluding any special assessments

\$1,341.31

\$1,467.52 9.4%

## **School District Property Taxes**

- Each school district may levy taxes in over 40 different categories
- Maximum levy amounts for each category are set by:
  - State law
  - Voter approval

Minnesota Department of Education (MDE) calculates levy maximums for each district

## **Property Tax Background**

#### **School District Property Taxes**

- Key steps in process are summarized on next slide
- Any of these steps may affect taxes on a parcel of property, but district has control over only 1 of 7 steps

## School District Property Tax Process

**Step 1.** City or County Assessor determines estimated market value for each parcel of property in county.



**Step 2.** Legislature sets formulas for tax capacity. (E.g., for homestead residential property, tax capacity = 1% of first \$500,000 in value + 1.25% of value over \$500,000.) These formulas determine how much of tax burden will fall on different types of property.



Step 3. County Auditor calculates tax capacity for each parcel of property in county (based on values from step 1 and tax capacity formulas from step 2), as well as total tax capacity for each school district.



**Step 4.** Legislature sets formulas which determine school district levy limits. These are maximum amounts of taxes school districts can levy in every category.



Step 7. County Auditor divides final levy (determined by school board in step 6) by district's total tax capacity (determined in step 3) to determine tax rate needed to raise proper levy amount. Auditor multiplies this tax rate times each property's tax capacity, to determine school tax for that property.\*



**Step 6.** School Board adopts a proposed levy in September, based on limits set in step 5. After a public hearing, board adopts a final levy in December. Final levy cannot be more than proposed levy, except for amounts approved by voters.



**Step 5.** Minnesota Department of Education calculates detailed levy limits for each school district, based on formulas approved by Legislature in step 4. These limits tell districts exact amounts that can be levied in every category.



## Schedule of Events in Approval of District's 2021 (Payable 2022) Tax Levy



## Overview of Proposed Levy Payable in 2022

- Proposed property tax levy for 2022 is an increase from 2021 of \$209,384 or 0.37%
- Reasons for major increases and decreases in levy are included on following slides

#### White Bear Lake Area School District, ISD 624

Comparison of Actual Tax Levy Payable in 2021 to Proposed Levy Payable in 2022

	Actual Lover	Proposed Levy			
	Actual Levy	-		0/ 01	
Fund Levy Category	Payable in 2021	Payable in 2022	\$ Change	% Change	
General					
Voter Approved Operating Referendum	\$11,791,958	\$12,121,365	\$329,407		
Local Optional Revenue (LOR)	6,583,493	6,599,833	16,340		
Equity	897,550	892,345	(5,205)		
Capital Project Referendum	2,138,058	2,291,668	153,610		
Operating Capital	992,282	1,105,726	113,444		
Safe Schools	467,629	466,048	(1,581)		
Long Term Facilities Maintenance	6,887,059	5,574,264	(1,312,795)		
Instructional Lease	1,923,978	1,779,797	(144,181)		
Other	774,762	737,274	(37,488)		
Prior Year Adjustments	(601,056)	786,466	1,387,522		
Total, General Fund	\$31,855,713	\$32,354,787	\$499,075	1.6%	
Community Service					
Basic Community Education	\$470,732	\$463,471	(\$7,261)		
Early Childhood Family Education	261,343	266,220	4,877		
School-Age Child Care	375,000	375,000	0		
Other	20,386	20,128	(258)		
Prior Year Adjustments	7,974	44,871	36,897		
Total, Community Service Fund	\$1,135,435	\$1,169,689	\$34,255	3.0%	
Debt Service					
Voter Approved	\$18,778,282	\$12,378,267	(\$6,400,015)		
Long-Term Facility Maintenance	5,160,905	11,272,937	6,112,032		
Reduction for Debt Excess	(936,341)	(469,239)	467,102		
Prior Year Adjustments	993,681	490,617	(503,064)		
Total, Debt Service Fund	\$23,996,527	\$23,672,582	(\$323,946)	-1.3%	
Total Levy, All Funds	\$56,987,674	\$57,197,058	\$209,384	0.4%	
Subtotal by Truth in Taxation Categories:					
Voter Approved	32,081,438	26,855,382	(5,226,056)		
Other	24,906,236	30,341,677	5,435,440		
Total	\$56,987,674	\$57,197,058	\$209,384	0.4%	

## **Explanation of Levy Changes**

<u>Categories</u>: Voter Approved Operating Referendum & Local Optional Revenue

(LOR)

Changes: Net change +\$329,407

**Use of Funds:** General Operating Expenses

#### **Reason for Changes:**

Voter approved operating referendum authority includes an annual inflationary increase

## **Explanation of Levy Changes**

<u>Categories</u>: General and Debt Service Funds – Long Term Facility Maintenance (LTFM) and Debt Service Fund – Voter Approved (VA)

<u>Changes:</u> -\$1,312,795 (General Fund LTFM), -\$6,400,015 (Debt Service Fund VA), and +\$6,112,032 (Debt Service Fund LTFM)

**Use of Funds:** Facilities maintenance and required payments on bond issues

#### **Reason for Changes:**

- District is eligible for LTFM revenue based on state-approved project costs
- LTFM projects are financed through a combination of annual General Fund levies, state aid and bond issues
- Levies are coordinated with other capital and debt levies to maintain a specified tax rate

## **Explanation of Levy Changes**

<u>Category</u>: General Fund – Prior Year Adjustments

**Change:** +\$1,387,522

**Use of Funds:** Various

#### **Reason for Change:**

- Each year, initial levies are based on estimates of enrollment, values, and expenditures for future years
- In later years, estimates are updated, and levies are retroactively adjusted
- Adjustments in several categories for taxes payable in 2022 are large positive amounts, while the adjustments for taxes payable in 2021 were large negative amounts

## Factors Impacting Individual Taxpayers' School Taxes

Many factors can cause tax bill for an individual property to increase or decrease from year to year

- Changes in value of individual property
- Changes in total value of all property in District
- Increases or decreases in levy amounts caused by changes in state funding formulas, local needs and costs, voter-approved referendums, and other factors

## Four Year School Levy Comparison

- Following slides show examples of changes in school district portion of property taxes from 2019 to 2022
- Examples include school district taxes only
- All examples are based on a 13.0% increase in property value over this fouryear period
  - Actual changes in value may be more or less than this for any parcel of property
  - Intended to provide a fair representation of what happened to school district property taxes over this period for typical properties

### Impact on Taxpayers

- Examples are for property in City of White Bear Lake
- Amounts for 2022 are preliminary estimates, based on best available data final amounts could change slightly
- Estimates prepared by Ehlers, District's municipal financial advisors

#### White Bear Lake Area Public Schools, ISD 624

Estimated Changes in School Property Taxes, 2019 to 2022

Based on 13.0% Cumulative Changes in Property Value from 2019 to 2022 Taxes

	Estimated	Actual	Estimated	Actual	Estimated	Actual	Estimated	Estimated	Change	Change
	Market	Taxes	Market	Taxes	Market	Taxes	Market	Taxes	in Taxes	in Taxes
	Value for	Payable	2019 to	2021 to						
Type of Property	2019 Taxes	in 2019	2020 Taxes	in 2020	2021 Taxes	in 2021	2022 Taxes	in 2022	2022	2022
	\$132,724	\$589	\$139,360	\$734	\$145,631	\$714	\$150,000	\$727	\$138	\$13
	176,965	817	185,813	1,024	194,175	997	200,000	1,013	196	16
Residential	221,206	1,046	232,266	1,314	242,718	1,281	250,000	1,299	253	18
Homestead	243,327	1,160	255,493	1,459	266,990	1,423	275,000	1,441	281	18
	309,689	1,503	325,173	1,894	339,806	1,849	350,000	1,870	367	21
	353,930	1,732	371,626	2,185	388,350	2,133	400,000	2,155	423	22
	398,171	1,960	418,080	2,473	436,893	2,409	450,000	2,430	470	21
	442,412	2,182	464,533	2,748	485,437	2,677	500,000	2,700	518	23
	486,654	2,400	510,986	3,033	533,981	2,976	550,000	3,013	613	37
	530,895	2,639	557,439	3,351	582,524	3,288	600,000	3,327	688	39
	\$132,724	\$642	\$139,360	\$790	\$145,631	\$790	\$150,000	\$762	\$120	-\$28
Commercial/	442,412	2,385	464,533	2,993	485,437	3,039	500,000	2,907	522	-132
Industrial#	884,825	4,895	929,066	6,156	970,874	6,260	1,000,000	5,972	1,077	-288
	1,327,237	7,406	1,393,599	9,320	1,456,311	9,480	1,500,000	9,037	1,631	-443
	1,769,649	9,916	1,858,132	12,484	1,941,748	12,701	2,000,000	12,102	2,186	-599
Apartments and	\$663,618	\$3,706	\$696,799	\$4,763	\$728,155	\$4,690	\$750,000	\$4,701	\$995	\$11
Res. Non-Homestead	884,825	4,941	929,066	6,351	970,874	6,253	1,000,000	6,268	1,327	15
( 2 or more units)	1,769,649	9,882	1,858,132	12,701	1,941,748	12,506	2,000,000	12,537	2,655	31

<sup>#</sup> For commercial-industrial property, amounts above are for property in the City of White Bear Lake. Taxes for commercial-industrial property in other municipalities may be slightly different, due to the impact of the Fiscal Disparities Program.

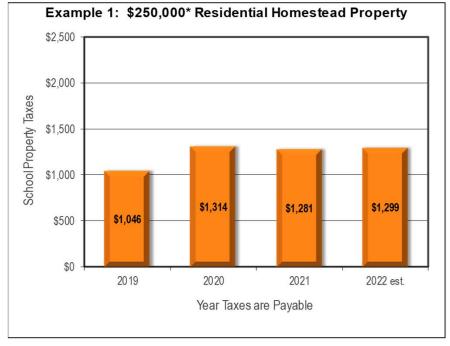
#### **General Notes**

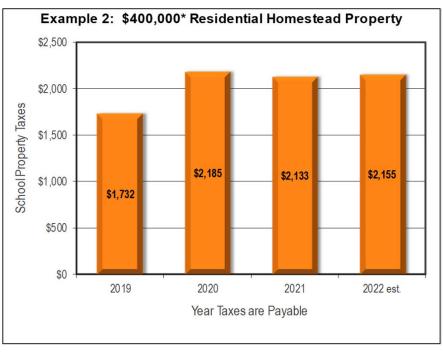
- 1. Amounts are based on school district taxes only, and do not include taxes for city or township, county, state, or other taxing jurisdictions.
- 2. Estimates of taxes payable in 2022 are preliminary, based on the best data available.
- 3. For all examples of properties, taxes are based on changes in estimated market value of 5.0% from 2019 to 2020 taxes, 4.5% from 2020 to 2021, and 3.0% from 2021 to 2022.

#### White Bear Lake Area Public Schools, ISD 624

Estimated Changes in School Property Taxes, 2019 to 2022

Based on 13.0% Cumulative Changes in Property Value from 2019 to 2022 Taxes



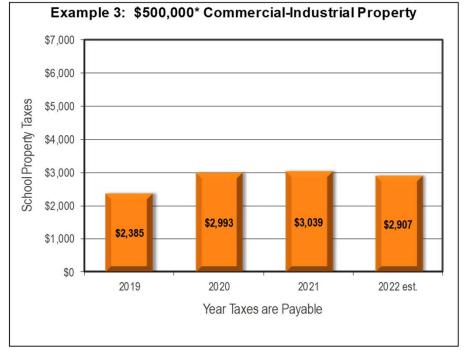


<sup>\*</sup> Estimated market value for taxes payable in 2022. Taxes are calculated based on changes in market value of 5.0% from 2019 to 2020 taxes, 4.5% from 2020 to 2021, and 3.0% from 2021 to 2022.

#### White Bear Lake Area Public Schools, ISD 624

Estimated Changes in School Property Taxes, 2019 to 2022

Based on 13.0% Cumulative Changes in Property Value from 2019 to 2022 Taxes





<sup>\*</sup> Estimated market value for taxes payable in 2022. Taxes are calculated based on changes in market value of 5.0% from 2019 to 2020 taxes, 4.5% from 2020 to 2021, and 3.0% from 2021 to 2022.

### Minnesota Homestead Credit Refund "Circuit Breaker"

- Has existed since 1970s
- Available each year to owners of homestead property
   (applies to taxes paid on house, garage and one acre for ag homestead property)
- Annual income must be approximately \$116,180 or less (income limit is higher if you have dependents)
- Sliding scale refund based on income and total property taxes
- Maximum refund for homeowners is \$2,840
- Also available to renters
- Complete state tax form M-1PR (www.revenue.state.mn.us)

## Minnesota Special Property Tax Refund

Available each year to owners of homestead properties with a gross tax increase of at least 12% and \$100 over prior year

Helpful in first year after referendum

Refund is 60% of amount by which tax increase exceeds greater of 12% or \$100, up to a maximum of \$1,000

No income limits

Complete state tax form M-1PR (www.revenue.state.mn.us)

## Senior Citizen Property Tax Deferral

- Allows people age 65 and older with household income of \$60,000 or less to defer a portion of property taxes on home
- Must have lived in, owned, and homesteaded for last 15 years
- Limits maximum amount of property tax paid to 3% of household income
- Additional taxes are deferred, not forgiven
- Provides predictability; amount of tax paid will not change while participating in program
- Deferred property taxes plus accrued interest must be paid when home is sold or homeowner(s) dies

## **Next Steps**

Board will accept public comments on proposed levy

2

Board will certify 2022 property tax levy



PUBLIC COMMENTS